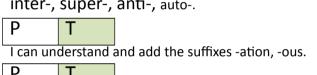
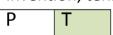
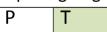
YEAR 4 WRITING TARGETS – ('Tick IN THE		
BOX' when achieved consistently in		
School School		
P = PUPILS, T = TEACHERS)		
NAME		
CLASS		
<u> </u>		
Spelling		
I can use the prefixes in-, im-, il-, ir-, sub-,		
inter super anti-		



I can add endings which sound like 'shun' spelt -tion, -sion, -ssion, -cian e.g. invention, tension, discussion, magician.



I can spell words ending with the 'g' sound spelt 'gue' and the 'k' sound spelt -que e.g. rogue, tongue, antique, unique.



I can spell words which sound the same but have different meanings: accept/except, affect/effect, ball/bawl, berry/bury, knot/not, medal/meddle, missed/mist, rain/rein/reign, scene/- seen, weather/whether, whose/who's.



I can spell more complex words that are often misspelt e.g. caught, occasionally, interest.

Р	Т

I can spell words with the 's' sound spelt 'sc' e.g. science, scene.



I can use the possessive apostrophe correctly in words with regular plurals e.g. girls', boys' and in words with irregular plurals e.g. children's.



I can use the first three or four letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary.

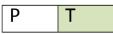


I can accurately write sentences from memory, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far.



Handwriting

I can use some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes I need to join letters and know which letters, when they are next to one another, are best left unjoined.

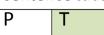


I can write so that my letters are easy to read, all the same way up and the same size; my writing is spaced properly so that my letters don't overlap.

Р	Т

Composition

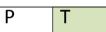
I can plan and improve my writing by discussing examples from other writers that I like and looking at their use of sentence structure, words and grammar.



I can plan my writing by talking about the important parts to have in a story, poem, explanation or non-fiction piece, and I can redraft this work a number of times.



I can rewrite my work, making improvements by saying the work out loud, using the best words I know and the best sentence structures I can.



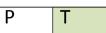
I can use paragraphs to organise my writing so that blocks of text flow and ideas are grouped together.

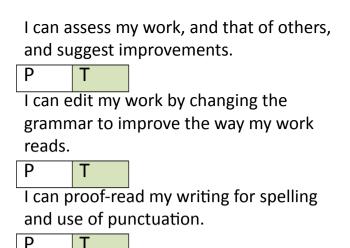


I can draft and rewrite work that creates settings, characters and plots that excite the reader by using my best vocabulary, and I can adapt my work depending on the audience.

P T

I can organise my non-narrative writing so that it has headings and sub-headings.





I can read my work out to a group with confidence and make sure it sounds

interesting, controlling tone and volume

Vocabulary, Grammar & PunctuationI can explain the difference between the

I can use the correct form of the verb

inflection e.g. we were instead of we was.

I can make my writing interesting by using adjectives and other descriptive methods.

I can use an adverb phrase at the start of

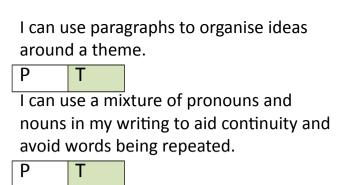
a sentence e.g. Later that day, I heard the

so that its meaning is clear.

plural and the possessive -s.

Р

bad news.



I can use inverted commas and other

The conductor shouted, 'Sit down!'.

I can use apostrophes to mark plural

names.

STEPS

possession e.g. the girl's name, the girls'

I can use commas after adverbials at the

beginning of a sentence e.g. Later that

I can understand and use the following

terms: determiner, pronoun, possessive

day, we heard the good news.

pronoun, adverbial.

punctuation to indicate direct speech e.g.